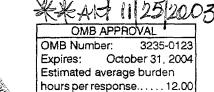
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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549





FORM X-17A-5 PART IN NOV 2 4 2003

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 34061

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING_5	MM/DD/YY
A. RE	GISTRANT IDENTIFICA	TION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: GYOUN ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	nman Parker Cor SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	1 A	FIRM I.D. NO.
Greenman Farker Connally	······································	outh Hulen	Street, Suite 201
Fort Worth	(No. and Street) TX		76109-1500
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF P James A. Parker	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REC	GARD TO THIS RI	817-922-8000
72.100	COUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TYON	(Area Code – Telephone Number)
The Walton Group, LLC		·	
	(Name - if individual, state last, first,	middle name)	
6100 Southwest Blvd., Sui	te 300 Fort Wort	(State)	TX 76109 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant			PROCESSED DEC 0 1 2003
☐ Accountant not resident in Uni	ited States or any of its possession	ons.	DEC 0 1 2003
5	FOR OFFICIAL USE ONL	Y	HOMSON
			•

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

		_	_	_ ,					
I,	Ċ	James	Α.	Parker		,	, s'	wear (or affirm) th	at, to the best of
my	kno	wledge a	and b	elief the accomi	panying fi	nancial statement and sup		·	
		_				Greenman Inc.	.,	,	
		Septer	nbe	r 30.	iia i i y			7.17.43	, as
of		_						ect. I further swea	•
ne	ither	the com	pany	nor any partner	, propriet	or, principal officer or di	rector has any p	proprietary interest	in any account
cla	ssifī	ed solely	as th	at of a custome	r, except a	s follows:			

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Δ	(a)	Facing 1	Page.				•		
X	(b)	Stateme	nt of	Financial Cond	ition.	,			
X	(c)	Stateme	nt of	Income (Loss).		•			
X	(d)	Stateme	nt of	Changes in Fina	ancial Con	dition.			
X	(e)	Stateme	nt of	Changes in Stoo	kholders'	Equity or Partners' or S	ole Proprietors'	' Capital.	
玆	(f)	Stateme	nt of	Changes in Lial	oilities Sul	pordinated to Claims of C	Creditors.		
X X				of Net Capital.					r
						erve Requirements Pursu			
図						or Control Requirements			
	(j)					e explanation of the Com			le 15c3-3 and the
						Reserve Requirements U			
Ż	(k)				audited a	and unaudited Statements	of Financial C	ondition with resp	ect to methods of
بنينر		consolid		•					
	` '			ffirmation.					
				SIPC Supplem	-				
	(n)	A report	desci	ribing any mater.	ial inadequ	racies found to exist or for	and to have exist	ted since the date of	f the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC.

Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules Required by the Securities and Exchange Commission

For the Year Ended September 30, 2003 and Supplemental Report on Internal Control

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

6100 Southwest Blvd. Suite 300 Fort Worth, TX 76109 817-731-1155 817-731-1562 (Fax)

• Consultants • Certified Public Accountants • Business Advisors •

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Greenman Parker Connally Greenman, Inc. Fort Worth, Texas

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition for noncarrying, nonclearing and certain other brokers or dealers of Greenman Parker Connally Greenman, Inc. (Company) as of September 30, 2003, and the related statements of income (loss), changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the schedules computation of net capital, computation of basic net capital requirement, computation of aggregate indebtedness, exemptive provisions under rule 15c3-3, statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors and reconciliation of the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

he heren Good, LLC

October 30, 2003

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Statement of Financial Condition for Noncarrying, Nonclearing and Certain other Brokers or Dealers September 30, 2003

<u>Assets</u>

Current assets: Cash Clearing deposit Accounts receivable from clearing account Prepaid insurance	\$ 114,220 25,000 5,796 <u>3,573</u>
Total current assets Property, furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 2) Investments (Note 5)	148,589 11,371
Total assets	\$ <u>167,160</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	
Current Liabilities: Accrued expenses Total current liabilities Deferred income tax liability (Note 10)	\$ <u>75,198</u> 75,198 <u>1,706</u>
Total liabilities	76,904
Commitments and contingencies (Note 8)	-
Stockholders' equity: Common stock (Notes 6 and 7) Additional paid-in capital (Notes 6 and 7) Retained earnings Total stockholders' equity	6,000 6,000 <u>78,256</u> <u>90,256</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ <u>167,160</u>

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Statement of Income (Loss) For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

Revenue:

Commissions Interest income Investment advisory fees	\$ 1,358,657 11,249 <u>92,266</u>
Total revenue	<u>1,462,172</u>
Expenses:	
Salaries and other employment costs for	
voting stockholder officers	1,003,889
Other employee compensation and benefits	119,434
Clearing and exchange fees	145,535
Communications and data processing	54,478
Interest	295
Occupancy (Note 8)	41,279
Other expenses (Note 2)	107,231
Total expenses	<u>1,472,141</u>
Loss before income taxes	(9,969)
Federal income tax expense (Note 10)	1,857
Net loss	\$ <u>(11,826</u>)

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

			Additional		
	<u>Commo</u> Shares	on Stock Amount	Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	Retained Earnings	<u>Total</u>
October 1, 2002	30,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 90,082	\$ 102,082
Net loss				(11,826)	(11,826)
September 30, 2003	<u>30,000</u>	\$ <u>6,000</u>	\$ <u>6,000</u>	\$ <u>78,256</u>	\$ <u>90,256</u>

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
Net loss	\$ (11,826)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net	
cash provided by operating activities:	(4.704)
Deferred tax benefit	(1,794)
Depreciation	6,520 8,429
Loss on disposal of asset	0,429
Changes in assets and liabilities:	(2.406)
Increase in accounts receivable from clearing account	(2,406)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(409)
Increase in accrued expenses	28,282
Net cash provided by operating activities	26,796
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Purchase of property, furniture and equipment	(2,429)
	(,,
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Net increase in cash	24,367
Cash at beginning of year	89,853
Cash at end of year	\$ <u>114,220</u>
Supplemental Disclosure	
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$ <u>295</u>
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$ <u>3,651</u>

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Nature of Operations

The Company was incorporated in Texas on May 6, 1985 and is registered as a dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Federal Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company acts as a dealer/investment advisor for certain offerings and does not maintain discretionary accounts for its customers. There are no existing obligations of the dealer in regards to offerings made.

(b) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed certain limits.

(c) Income Taxes

The Company provides for Federal income taxes currently payable, and deferred income taxes resulting from temporary differences in the carrying value of assets and liabilities for financial reporting and Federal income tax reporting.

(d) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists primarily of commissions earned during the year but not received as of year-end. Commissions are earned through quality financial institutions and reputable mutual fund companies. Receivables are recorded only when substantial evidential matter is obtained as to the validity of the receivable. Accordingly, the Company does not record an allowance for doubtful accounts. As collectibility of receivables is reasonably assured, the Company does not maintain a policy for determining reserves for past due or delinquent receivables.

(e) Property, Furniture and Equipment

Property, furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

(f) Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less.

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

(1) Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(g) Concentrations of Credit Risk

Concentrations of credit risk consists of cash and accounts receivable. The Company maintains its cash balances at quality financial institutions; however, at times, cash balances may exceed FDIC limits. At September 30, 2003, cash balances exceeded FDIC limits by approximately \$20,000. Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from brokerage accounts for commissions earned.

(h) Commissions

The Company records commissions for both standard agency securities transactions and principal securities transactions. Standard agency commissions include all commissions made through a clearing organization with set commission rates. Principal commissions include purchases of specific fixed-price securities, which are marked up for commissions and sold to clients.

(2) Property, Furniture and Equipment

Property, furniture and equipment is composed of the following at September 30, 2003:

Office furnishings and equipment \$ 115,393 Less: accumulated depreciation \$ (104,022) \$ 11 371

Depreciation is provided on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of assets, typically three to five years. Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2003 was \$6,520 and was included as a component of other expenses in the accompanying financial statements.

During the year ended September 30, 2003, the Company abandoned computer equipment and software with a cost of \$10,621 and accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$2,192. The Company received no consideration for the abandoned items; accordingly, \$8,429 was recorded as a loss. The loss is included as a component of other expenses on the accompanying financial statements.

(3) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(6) (Continued)

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

(4) Subordinated Liabilities

There are no liabilities which were subordinated to claims of general creditors as of September 30, 2003.

(5) Investments

Investments held by the Company as of September 30, 2003 include 300 warrants to purchase shares of NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. and 300 shares of common stock of NASDAQ Stock Market, Inc. The warrants are recorded at cost (which approximates market value) of \$11 per share. Each warrant may be exercisable from June 28, 2002 through June 27, 2006 at varying exercise prices ranging from \$13 per share to \$16 per share. NASDAQ warrants are currently privately held investments. NASDAQ stock is currently marketable. The shares of stock are recorded at a cost of \$13 per share, which varies immaterially from the market value of \$8.05 per share at September 30, 2003. A provision for unrealized losses was not recorded in the accompanying financial statements due to the immaterial affect on the financial activities of the Company for the year ended September 30, 2003, and the related account balances as of September 30, 2003.

(6) Common Stock

The Company has authorized 100,000 shares of no par value common stock, of which 30,000 shares are issued and outstanding.

(7) Stock Purchase Agreements

The officers of the Company have entered into certain stock purchase agreements whereby the Company is obligated to acquire, and the stockholder's estate is obligated to sell to the Company, all shares of common stock of the Company owned by the stockholder at his death. The purchase price required to be paid for the related stock as of September 30, 2003 was \$6.67 per share.

Under the terms of a buy-sell stockholder agreement, the Company has the right of first refusal of any proposed sale of stock by any existing stockholder.

(8) Commitments

The Company leases office space under a non-cancelable operating lease. Future minimum rental payments under the agreement are as follows:

2004 \$ <u>39,480</u>

Related rent expense, included as a component of occupancy in the accompanying financial statements, was \$39,480 for the year ended September 30, 2003.

(7) (Continued)

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

(9) Possession or Control Requirements

There were no material inadequacies in the procedures followed in adhering to the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3 (K)(2)(I) concerning promptly transmitting all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries the customer accounts; the Company does not have any possession or control of customer funds or securities.

(10) Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes in the accompanying financial statements is as follows:

Current expense	\$ 3,651
Deferred benefit	(1,794)
Net income tax expense	\$ <u>1,857</u>

The actual Federal income tax provision differs from that amount computed by applying the Federal corporate income tax rate of 15% to income before Federal income taxes as follows:

Computed "expected" tax benefit	\$ (1,495)
Various differences	3,352
Net income tax expense	\$ <u>1.857</u>

The deferred tax liability recorded on the balance sheet as of September 30, 2003 is as follows:

Property, furniture and equipment \$ <u>1,706</u>

Supplemental Information

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 of the

Securities Exchange Act of 1934

As of and For the Year Ended

September 30, 2003

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Supplemental Schedules Required by Rule 17a-5 As of and For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

Computation of Net Capital

Total stockholders' equity	\$ 90,256
Add allowable credits: Deferred income tax liability	1,706 91,962
Non-allowable assets: Investments Prepaid insurance Property, furniture and equipment, net	(7,200) (3,573) (11,371) (22,144)
Net allowable capital	\$ <u>69,818</u>
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement	
Minimum net capital required	\$ <u>5,199</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer	\$ <u>50,000</u>
Net capital requirement	\$ <u>50,000</u>
Excess net capital	\$ <u>19,818</u>
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness	
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ <u>76,904</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to allowable net capital	<u>110</u> %

GREENMAN PARKER CONNALLY GREENMAN, INC. Supplemental Schedules Required by Rule 17a-5 As of and For the Year Ended September 30, 2003

Exemptive Provisions Under Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 because all customer transactions are cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The name of the clearing firm is Pershing.

Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

Balance of such claims October 1, 2002 \$ Additions Reductions _____ Balance of such claims at September 30, 2003 \$ ____

Reconciliation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1

There were no material differences in the computation of net capital between these audited financial statements and the Company's unaudited FOCUS reports.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL SEPTEMBER 30, 2003

6100 Southwest Blvd. Suite 300 Fort Worth, TX 76109 817-731-1155 817-731-1562 (Fax)

• Consultants • Certified Public Accountants • Business Advisors •

To the Board of Directors
Greenman Parker Connally Greenman, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Greenman Parker Connally Greenman, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended September 30, 2003, we considered its internal control, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8
 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
 System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control, and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

(Continued)

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at September 30, 2003, to meet the SEC's objectives. We have reported a reportable condition in internal control under standards established by American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in a separate letter to management dated October 30, 2003.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the SEC and the regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Stern Good, UC

October 30, 2003